1. Identification

Product identifier: EXPRESS CLEAR

Other means of identification

Product Code: HT-7115-1

Recommended use: Automotive Refinish Clearcoat

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name: High Teck Products
Address: P. O. Box 24631
West Palm Beach, FL 33416
United States

Telephone

General Assistance: 877-900-8235

E-mail: info@highteckproducts.com

Contact person: SDS Coordinator

Emergency phone number

CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards

Flammable liquids: Category 2

Health hazards

Acute toxicity, oral: Category 4
Acute toxicity, inhalation: Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Category 2A
Sensitization, skin: Category 1
Carcinogenicity: Category 2
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1B
Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure: Category 3 narcotic effects

Environmental hazards

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard: Category 2
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard: Category 3

OSHA defined hazards

Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Harmful if swallowed. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Toxic if inhaled. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
### Response

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse mouth. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Storage


### Disposal

Not available.

### Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

### Supplemental information

63.03% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. 63.42% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity. 73.1% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 72.85% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>Common name and synonyms</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>acetone</td>
<td></td>
<td>67-64-1</td>
<td>10 to &lt;20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-butyl acetate</td>
<td></td>
<td>123-86-4</td>
<td>10 to &lt;20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-butyl propionate</td>
<td></td>
<td>590-01-2</td>
<td>10 to &lt;20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2-Heptanone</td>
<td></td>
<td>110-43-0</td>
<td>5 to &lt;10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Methyl-2-pentanone</td>
<td></td>
<td>108-10-1</td>
<td>1 to &lt;5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dibutyltin dilaurate</td>
<td></td>
<td>77-58-7</td>
<td>0.1 to &lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>liquid HALS</td>
<td></td>
<td>41556-26-7</td>
<td>0.1 to &lt;1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other components below reportable levels</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>40 to &lt;50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

#### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

#### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

#### Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed


#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Prevent product from entering drains. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Do not taste or swallow. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>465 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>100 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>2400 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dibutyltin dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>710 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>50 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>75 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>20 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dibutyltin dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>0.2 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>465 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>300 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>75 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dibutyltin dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>0.1 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>950 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>710 mg/m3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>150 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Biological limit values

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices Components</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Determinant</th>
<th>Specimen</th>
<th>Sampling Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 1 mg/l)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Methyl isobutyl ketone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>108-10-1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td>50 mg/l</td>
<td>Acetone</td>
<td>Urine</td>
<td>*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

Dibutyltin dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies**

Dibutyltin dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7) Skin designation applies.

**US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation**

Dibutyltin dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

Dibutyltin dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation**

Dibutyltin dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

**Other**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

**Thermal hazards**

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**

Liquid.

**Physical state**

Liquid.

**Form**

Liquid.

**Color**

Clear colorless or nearly colorless

**Odor**

Solvent.

**Odor threshold**

Not available.

**pH**

Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point**

-138.46 °F (-94.7 °C) estimated

**Initial boiling point and boiling range**

132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

**Flash point**

-4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

**Evaporation rate**

Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)**

Not applicable.

**Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits**

**Flammability limit - lower (%)**

1.1 % estimated
10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**
The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability**
Material is stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**
Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**
Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials**
Strong acids. Nitrates.

**Hazardous decomposition products**
No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

**Information on likely routes of exposure**

- **Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- **Eye contact**: Causes serious eye irritation.
- **Ingestion**: Harmful if swallowed.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity**
Toxic if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Narcotic effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)</td>
<td>Acute Dermal LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit 12600 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Oral LD50</td>
<td>Mouse 730 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Components</td>
<td>Species</td>
<td>Test Results</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1.67 g/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Acute</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dermal</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>&gt; 16000 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inhalation</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>8.2 mg/l, 4 Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oral</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2080 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

| Acute                           |         |              |
| Dermal                          |         |              |
| LD50                            | Rabbit  | 20000 mg/kg  |
| **Inhalation**                  |         |              |
| LC50                            | Rat     | 76 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| **Oral**                        |         |              |
| LD50                            | Mouse   | 3000 mg/kg   |
|                                  | Rabbit  | 5340 mg/kg   |
|                                  | Rat     | 5800 mg/kg   |

Dibutyltin dilaurate (CAS 77-58-7)

| Acute                           |         |              |
| Oral                            |         |              |
| LD50                            | Rat     | 175 mg/kg    |

n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

| Acute                           |         |              |
| Inhalation                      |         |              |
| LC50                            | Wistar rat | 160 mg/l, 4 Hours |
| **Oral**                        |         |              |
| LD50                            | Rat     | 14000 mg/kg  |

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**
Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**
Causes serious eye irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Respiratory sensitization**
Not a respiratory sensitizer.

**Skin sensitization**
May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**
No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity**
Suspected of causing cancer.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity**
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**
May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**
Not classified.
12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Test Results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 126 - 137 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 492 - 593 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone (CAS 67-64-1)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crustacea</td>
<td>EC50</td>
<td>Water flea (Daphnia magna) 21.6 - 23.9 mg/l, 48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Aquatic</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 17 - 19 mg/l, 96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability
No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Heptanone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-Methyl-2-pentanone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dibutyltin dilaurate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>n-butyl acetate</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mobility in soil
No data available.

Other adverse effects
No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions
Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations
Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code
The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products
Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging
Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>UN proper shipping name</th>
<th>Transport hazard class(es)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN1263</td>
<td>Paint, Paint Related Material</td>
<td>Class 3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Label(s) 3
Packing group II
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions IB2, T7, TP1, TP8, TP28
Packaging exceptions 150
Packaging non bulk 202
Packaging bulk 242

IATA
UN number UN1263
UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material
Transport hazard class(es)

  Class 3
  Subsidiary risk -
  Packing group II
Environmental hazards No.
ERG Code 3H

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information

  Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed.
  Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG
UN number UN1263
UN proper shipping name Paint, Paint Related Material
Transport hazard class(es)

  Class 3
  Subsidiary risk -
  Packing group II
Environmental hazards No.
Marine pollutant No.
EmS F-E, S-E

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

DOT

15. Regulatory information
US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)
Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed.
acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed.
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4) Listed.
n-butyl propionate (CAS 590-01-2) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification
Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance
Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical
No

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>% by wt.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4-Methyl-2-pentanone</td>
<td>108-10-1</td>
<td>1 to &lt;5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)
Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)
Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715
acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 35 %WV
acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) 6715
acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

US state regulations

US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)
Not listed.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
liquid HALS (CAS 41556-26-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
n-butyl propionate (CAS 590-01-2)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act
2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)
4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
n-butyl propionate (CAS 590-01-2)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law
- 2-Heptanone (CAS 110-43-0)
- 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
- acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
- n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)
- n-butyl propionate (CAS 590-01-2)

US. Rhode Island RTK
- 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1)
- acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
- n-butyl acetate (CAS 123-86-4)

US. California Proposition 65
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance
- 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: November 4, 2011
- Ethyl benzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004
- naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin
- 4-Methyl-2-pentanone (CAS 108-10-1) Listed: March 28, 2014
- Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin
- Toluene (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: August 7, 2009

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country(s) or region</th>
<th>Inventory name</th>
<th>On inventory (yes/no)*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Domestic Substances List (DSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>Korea</td>
<td>Existing Chemicals List (ECL)</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>New Zealand Inventory</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
<td>No</td>
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<tr>
<td>United States &amp; Puerto Rico</td>
<td>Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue date</th>
<th>06-01-2015</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Version #</td>
<td>01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| HMIS® ratings | Health: 3*
|              | Flammability: 3
|              | Physical hazard: 0 |
| NFPA ratings  | Health: 3
|              | Flammability: 3
|              | Instability: 0 |
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